IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as indicated below.

 (Currently Amended) A compound which can be activated by actinic radiation, comprising at least one urethane group and having the formula I:

$$X[N(R)-C(O)-O-C(R^1R^2)-C(R^3R^4)-Y-Z]_n$$
 (1),

in which the index and the variables have the following meanings:

- n is an integer from 1 to 5;
- X is an at least n-valent, substituted or unsubstituted organic radical:
- R is a hydrogen atom or a monovalent substituted or unsubstituted organic radical;
- R¹ R⁴ independently of one another are a hydrogen atom, halogen atom or monovalent, substituted or unsubstituted organic radical, it being possible for at least two radicals to be cyclically linked to one another;
- Y is a divalent, linking functional group containing at least one oxygen atom selected from the group consisting of ether, carboxylate, carbonate, phosphate, phosphonate, phosphite ester, and sulfonate groups; and
- Z is an organic radical containing at least one group which can be activated by actinic radiation;

with the proviso that at least for n=1 the radical R and/or the radical X are/is substituted by at least one substituent of the general formula II:

in which the variables Z and Y are as defined above.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein n = 1 or
- (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the bond which can be activated by actinic radiation in the radicals Z is a carbon-carbon double bond.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 3, wherein the radicals Z have the general formula III:

in which the variables R^1 , R^2 , and R^3 are as defined above and the variable -B- is a single bond between the carbon atom of the carbon-carbon double bond and the divalent linking functional group Y or is a divalent substituted or unsubstituted linking organic radical X.

- 5. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 4, wherein the radicals Z are vinyl radicals.
 - 6. (Canceled)

2.

 (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 61, wherein the divalent linking functional groups Y are carboxylate groups.

- 8. (Withdrawn) A process for preparing compounds which can be activated by actinic radiation and have the general formula I, of claim I, comprising reacting
- at least one compound which contains at least one urethane group and has the general formula IV:

$$X^{1}[N(R^{5})-C(O)-O-C(R^{1}R^{2})-C(R^{3}R^{4})-OH]_{n}$$
 (IV),

wherein the index n and the variables R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 are as defined in claim 1 and the variable X^1 is an n-valent and the variable R^5 a monovalent, hydroxylcontaining or hydroxyl-free substituted with substituents of the formula II being excluded or unsubstituted, organic radical; with the proviso that at least for n = 1 the radical X^1 and/or radical R^5 contain/contains one hydroxyl group; with

(2) at least one compound of the formula V:

$$Y^1$$
-Z (V).

in which the variable Z is as defined in claim 1 and the variable Y^1 is a reactive functional group which forms at least one group Y with the hydroxyl group or groups of the compounds of the formula IV;

in a Y^1 : OH equivalents ratio ≥ 1.0 .

- 9. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 8, wherein the reactive functional group Y¹ is selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphoric acid, phosphoric acid, and phosphorous acid groups; carbonyl halide, sulfonic halide, phosphoric halide, phosphoryl halide groups; carboxylic anhydride, sulfonic anhydride, phosphoric anhydride, phosphoric anhydride, and phosphoryl anhydride groups; carboxylic, sulfonate, phosphote, phosphonate, and phosphite groups; and epoxide, N-methylol, and N-methylol ether groups.
- (Withdrawn) The process of claim 8, wherein the compound of the formula VI is prepared by reacting

at least one 1.3-dioxolan-2-one of the formula VI:

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{3}
 R^{3}
 R^{3}

in which the variables R1, R2, R3, and R4 are as defined in claim 1; with

(2) at least one compound which contains at least one primary and/or secondary amino group and has the general formula VII:

$$X^1[N(R^5)H]_n$$
 (VII).

in which the index and the variables X1 and R5 are as defined above.

in an amino group: carbonate group equivalents ratio = 0.8 to 1.2.

11-12. (Canceled)

- 13. (New) A composition comprising the compound which can be activated by actinic radiation, comprising at least one urethane group and having the formula I of claim 1
- (New) The composition of claim 13, curable by actinic radiation or by both thermal and actinic radiation.
- (New) The composition of claim 13, for preparing compositions curable by actinic radiation or by both thermal and actinic radiation.
- 16. (New) The composition of claim 13, selected from the group consisting of a coating material, an adhesive or scalant for producing a coating, a paint system, an adhesive film, a scal, a molding, and a self-supporting film.